#### BMSCW LIBRARY QUESTION PAPER

## BMS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN AUTONOMOUS BENGALURU-560004

# END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – OCTOBER 2022 (CBCS) M.Sc. in Chemistry- II Semester Molecular Spectroscopy

### **Course Code: MCH204T Duration: 3 Hours**

## QP Code:21010 Max marks: 70

Instruction: Answer Question No. 1 and any FIVE of the remaining.

- 1. Answer any TEN questions
- a) Show that three reflection of ammonia constitute a class.
- b) Prove that in BF<sub>3</sub> molecule  $C_3\sigma_v \neq \sigma_v C_3$
- c) Using the general matrix representation for  $C_n(z)$ . Write the matrix representations for  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  operation.
- d) What do the Mulliken symbol  $B_{1g}$  and  $A_{2u}$  signify?
- e) How many stretching and bending modes are present in CO<sub>2</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> molecules?
- f) Schematically sketch the bending modes of liner AB<sub>2</sub> molecule. What happens to this mode when AB<sub>2</sub> is bent?
- g) How do you distinguish phosphorescence, fluorescence and Raman scattering from each other?
- h) Define the term polarizability and depict the polarizability ellipsoid for H<sub>2</sub>O molecule.
- i) State the law of mutual exclusion.
- j) Suggest a method for studying the vibration spectrum of N<sub>2</sub>. Give reasons.
- k) A molecule vibrates with a frequency of 1000 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Express this energy in kJ/mole.
- 1) Explain the terms vibrational relaxation and internal conversion.
- a). List the diagnostic symmetry elements and obtain the point group symmetry of the following molecules; i). H<sub>2</sub>O, ii). CO<sub>2</sub>, iii). C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, iV). C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, v). B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, vi). PCl<sub>5</sub>
  - b). Write the matrix notations for the symmetry operations of C<sub>2h</sub> point group. By matrix multiplication, prove that it is an Abelian group. (6+4)

(2×10 =20)

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- a). Construct the character table for the operations of C<sub>3v</sub> point group. Explain each area in detail.
  - b). Using perturbation theory, obtain the selection rules governing the vibrational transitions of an anharmonic oscillator. (5+5)
- **4.** a). Explain the terms: Overtones, Combination bands and Fermi resonance.
  - b). Outline concept of normal modes of vibration of a molecule. Sketch schematically the normal modes of AB<sub>3</sub>-planar molecule and comment on its IR and Raman activity. **(4+6)**
- 5. a). Write briefly on the main components of infrared spectrometer.
  - b). Describe the classical theory of Raman Effect.
  - c). A strong infrared absorption band is observed at 2991 cm<sup>-1</sup> for  ${}^{1}H^{35}Cl$  molecule. Calculate the force constant for this molecule. (4+3+3)
- 6. a). The spacing between the successive line in the microwaves spectrum of CO is 3.84235 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Obtain the bond length of CO. (h=6.626 x 10<sup>-34</sup> Js; c= 3 x 1010 m/s; m<sub>H</sub>=1.67X10<sup>-27</sup> kgs)
  - b). Write the expression for the rotational energy of;
    - i). a rigid symmetric top and
    - ii). The non-rigid symmetric top.

Make schematic plots of the microwave spectra of the two by giving the selection rules.

(5+5)

- 7. a). State and explain the selection rules for the electronic transition.
  - b). Explain the origin of O and S branches in the vibrational-rotation Raman spectrum of a diatomic molecule. (4+6)
- 8. a). Give comprehensive notes on: Fronck-Condon principle and Fortrat diagram.
  - b). Depict the electronic configuration of the ground and excited states of HCHO molecule. Explain the electronic transitions involved in it. (5+5)

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